Concrete grammar for Assignment and Expression (Tucker and Noonan, 2007)

Assignment \rightarrow Identifier [[Expression]] = Expression;

```
\begin{split} Expression &\rightarrow Conjunction \left\{ \mid\mid Conjunction \right\} \\ Conjunction &\rightarrow Equality \left\{ \&\& Equality \right\} \\ Equality &\rightarrow Relation [EquOp Relation] \\ EquOp &\rightarrow == \mid != \\ Relation &\rightarrow Addition [RelOp Addition] \\ RelOp &\rightarrow < \mid < = \mid > \mid > = \\ Addition &\rightarrow Term \left\{ AddOp Term \right\} \\ AddOp &\rightarrow + \mid - \\ Term &\rightarrow Factor \left\{ MulOp Factor \right\} \\ MulOp &\rightarrow * \mid / \mid \% \\ Factor &\rightarrow [UnaryOp] Primary \\ UnaryOp &\rightarrow - \mid ! \\ Primary &\rightarrow Identifier [[Expression]] \mid Literal \mid \\ (Expression) \mid Type (Expression) \end{split}
```

Abstract grammar for Conditional, Assignment and Expression (Tucker and Noonan, 2007)

 $\begin{aligned} Conditional Expression \text{ test; } Statement \text{ thenbranch, elsebranch} \\ Assignment = Variable \text{ target; } Expression \text{ source} \\ Expression = Variable | Value | Binary | Unary \\ Binary = Operator \text{ op; } Expression \text{ term1, term1} \\ Unary = Operator \text{ op; } Expression \text{ term} \\ Variable = String \text{ id} \\ Value = IntValue | BoolValue | FloatValue | CharValue \\ IntValue = Integer \text{ value} \\ BoolValue = Boolean \text{ value} \\ FloatValue = Float \text{ value} \\ CharValue = Char \text{ value} \\ Operator = + |-|*|/|!| == |!= |<|>|<|>= \end{aligned}$