

# Numpy

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# Plan

- HW questions?
- Introduction to Numpy

# What is Numpy?

- Numpy is a library that supports linear algebra operations.
- Virtually all data science work related to Python uses Numpy.
- Visit Links and Data section of CS251 website for installation instructions on your personal computer.
- Numpy supports two main data structures: **ndarray** (any dimensional array) and **matrix** (always 2 dimensional).
- ndarray and matrix support most of the same methods and features. In CS251, we will focus on matrix (I will point out differences).
- Both work a bit like Python lists, but using Numpy is MUCH more efficient for storing and performing computations on data.

# What makes Numpy more efficient than Python lists?

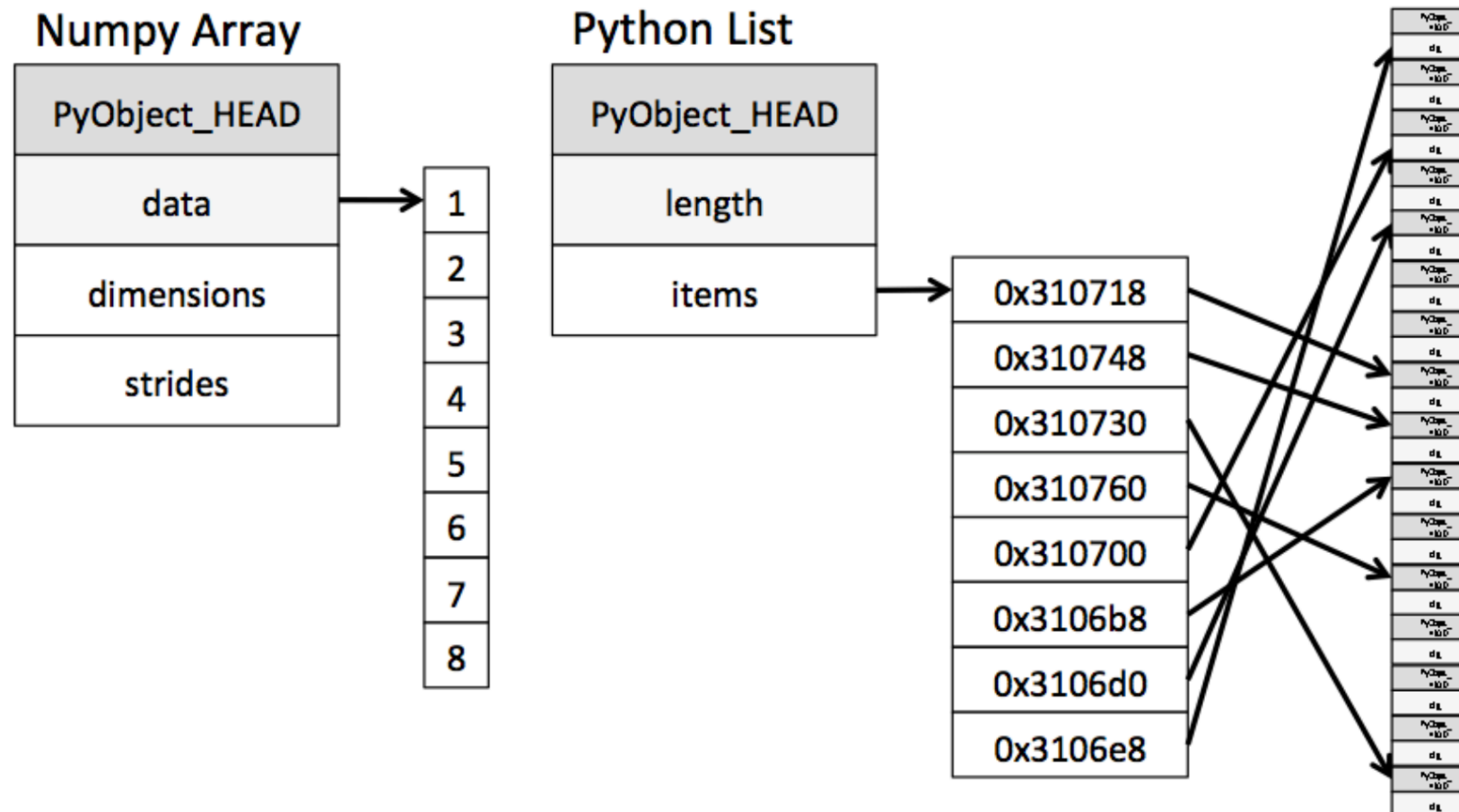
A lot of Python is written in C. Python stores much more in memory than a single int with a simple assignment like `x = 1000`. In the underlying C, this is (struct is like a baby class):

```
struct _longobject
{
    long ob_refcnt;
    PyTypeObject *ob_type;
    size_t ob_size;
    long ob_digit[1];
};
```

- In C, an int assignment like `x = 1000` is literally just 4 bytes stored in memory...no overhead. The above is the cost of Python's dynamic typing.

# Numpy vs. Python lists

- Numpy arrays are contiguous blocks of memory (like several ints in C chained together).
- Python lists hold many references to the struct objects, which is a collection of references to other data (VanderPlas, 2016).



Let's spend the rest of our time  
diving into Numpy!